

Health screenings – women ages 65 and older

Women ages 65 and older should get a physical exam once a year. Talk to your doctor about which ones you should consider at your next exam.

✓ <u>Blood Pressure</u>	 Have your blood pressure checked every year.
<u>Screening</u>	 If you have diabetes, heart disease, or kidney problems,
	you may need to be checked more often.
✓ Breast Exam/	• Your provider should do a complete breast exam as part of
Mammogram	your preventive exam.
<u> </u>	 Women up to age 75 should have a mammogram every 1
	to 2 years, depending on their risk factors, to check for
	breast cancer.
	Talk to your provider about whether you need a
	mammogram after age 75.
✓ Cholesterol	• If your cholesterol level is normal, have it rechecked every 3
<u>Screening</u>	to 5 years.
	• If you have diabetes, heart disease, or kidney problems, you
	may need to be checked more often.
✓ <u>Colon Cancer</u>	• Until age 75, you should have one of the following screening
<u>Screening</u>	tests:
	 A stool test done every year
	 Flexible sigmoidoscopy every 5 - 10 years, along with a
	stool guaiac test
	 Colonoscopy every 10 years
	 You may need more frequent screenings if you have a family
	history of colon cancer.
✓ <u>Diabetes</u>	• If you are age 65 or older and in good health, you should be
<u>Screening</u>	screened for diabetes every 3 years.
	If you are overweight and have other risk factors for
	diabetes, you may need to be screened more often.
✓ <u>Immunizations</u>	 If you are age 65 or older, get a pneumococcal vaccine if
	you have never had one, or if it has been more than 5 years
	since you had the vaccine.
	 You should get a flu shot each year.
	 Get a tetanus-diphtheria booster every 10 years.
	• You may get a shingles or herpes zoster vaccine after age
	60.
	You may get a shingles or herpes zoster vaccine after age



 ✓ <u>Infectious</u> <u>Diseases</u> 	 Depending on your lifestyle and medical history, you may need to be screened for syphilis, chlamydia, and HIV.
✓ <u>Lung Cancer</u>	 You should get screened for lung cancer annually if you are age 55-80 and: Have a 30 pack-year smoking history AND Currently smoke or have quit within the past 15 years
 ✓ <u>Osteoporosis</u> <u>Screening</u> 	 All women over age 64 should have a bone density test
✓ Pelvic Exam and Pap Smear	• After age 65, most women can stop having Pap smears as long as they have had 3 negative tests within the past 10 years.